BBI

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Gunk Tire Shine - Extreme Black (EXPORT)

Other means of identification

TS17EE SDS number

Part No. TS17EE, TS17ER Tariff code 3402.20.5100

Recommended use Tire Shine that provides black, long-lasting shine.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Blumenthal Brands Integrated, LLC Company name

Address 600 Radiator Road

Indian Trail, NC 28079

Telephone Customer Service/ (704) 821-7643

Technical

Website www.solvewithB.com sds@solvewithB.com E-mail

INFOTRAC (United States) (800) 535-5053 **Emergency phone number**

INFOTRAC (International) (352) 323-3500

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Skin corrosion/irritation **Health hazards** Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B

> Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. **Hazard statement**

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

SDS US

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse. Collect spillage.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from Storage

sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Disposal

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

38.48% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 43.64% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 28.16% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 28.16% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hexane		110-54-3	50 - < 60
Butane		106-97-8	10 - < 20
Propane		74-98-6	10 - < 20
Dimethicone		63148-62-9	5 - < 10
Ethanol		64-17-5	5 - < 10
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum	n), Light	64742-89-8	5 - < 10

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Gunk Tire Shine - Extreme Black (EXPORT)

3 / 11 TS17EE, TS17ER Version #: 02 Revision date: 04-15-2020 Issue date: 11-08-2019

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Valu	ies		
Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	emical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio ne, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide

eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Gloves of nitrile rubber, PVA or Viton are

recommended.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with

organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Slightly Hazy Liquid

Physical state Liquid.
Form Aerosol.
Color water-white
Odor Mild hydrocarbon
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -178.58 °F (-116.99 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 105.2 °F (40.67 °C) estimated

range

Flash point < 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate > 1 (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

8 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.8 Explosive limit - upper (%) 9.5

Vapor pressure 2009.40136 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Slightly Miscible
Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 533.59 °F (278.66 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Aerosol spray ignition

distance

<= 15 cm

Density 5.46396 lbs/gal estimated

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Flame extension > 100 cm

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 38.85 kJ/g estimated

30B)

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 5.16 % estimated

Specific gravity 0.8

VOC 5.16 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid

temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Fluorine. Nitrates.

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Acute toxicity

Components **Species Test Results**

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 39 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6.2 g/kg

Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 4 Hours

Inhalation

Vapor

LC50 Rat > 31.86 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 28710 mg/kg

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 61 mg/l, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause genetic defects. Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Possible reproductive hazard. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Gunk Tire Shine - Extreme Black (EXPORT)

SDS US

Components **Species Test Results**

Dimethicone (CAS 63148-62-9)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus) 2.36 - 4.15 mg/l, 96 hours

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic

EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours Crustacea Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Aquatic

LC50 Fish Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butane 2.89 Ethanol -0.31Hexane 3.9 2.36 Propane

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If

discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity), Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s)

Packing group Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 306 Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards No. **ERG Code** 10L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Forbidden

Allowed with restrictions. Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Not established.

Class 2 Subsidiary risk

2 Label(s)

Not available. Packing group

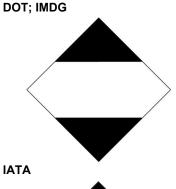
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code





15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed. Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Hexane	110-54-3	50 - < 60

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Low priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: April 29, 2011

Listed: July 1, 1988

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: October 1, 1987

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Aliph. (CAS 64742-89-8)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No
Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No

KoreaExisting Chemicals List (ECL)YesNew ZealandNew Zealand InventoryYes

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 11-08-2019

 Revision date
 04-15-2020

Version # 02

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Material name: Gunk Tire Shine - Extreme Black (EXPORT)

SDS US

Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).