BBI

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Gunk HydroSeal II Heavy Duty Parts Cleaner

Other means of identification

SDS number HS Series

Part No. HS3, HS3K, HS3C, HS5KC, HS5KC, HS5LBC

Tariff code 3814.00.1000

Recommended use Parts Cleaner
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Blumenthal Brands Integrated, LLC

Address 600 Radiator Road

Indian Trail, NC 28079

Telephone Customer Service/ (704) 821-7643

Technical

Website www.solvewithB.com
E-mail sds@solvewithB.com

Emergency phone number INFOTRAC (United States) (800) 535-5053

INFOTRAC (International) (352) 323-3500

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 4

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eve irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of

skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective

gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect

Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

spillage.

Supplemental information

NOTE: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The container label may not include the OSHA label elements listed in this document. Always carefully review the entire SDS and the product label prior to use in the workplace.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum		64742-53-6	20 - < 30
Water		7732-18-5	20 - < 30
C9-15 Heavy Aromatic Hydrocarbons		64742-94-5	10 - < 20
Tall Oil Acid		61790-12-3	5 - < 10
Naphthalene		91-20-3	1 - < 3
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone		872-50-4	1 - < 3
Triethanolamine		102-71-6	1 - < 3
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	< 1
Diethanolamine		111-42-2	< 1
Sodium Glucoheptonate		31138-65-5	< 0.2

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison Inhalation center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Combustible liquid.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

U.S. - OSHA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Tall Oil Acid (CAS 61790-12-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Oil Mist; Respirable
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for	Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air (Components	Type	Value	Form
-		50 ppm	
C9-15 Heavy Aromatic	PEL	400 mg/m3	
Hydrocarbons (CAS 64742-94-5)	122	roo mg, mo	
		100 ppm	
Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum (CAS 64742-53-6)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
,		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
ACGIH			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Tall Oil Acid (CAS 61790-12-3)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Oil Mist; Respirable
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Oil Mist; Respirable
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Butoxyethanol (CAS 11-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
C9-15 Heavy Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 64742-94-5)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Diethanolamine (CAS I11-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
riethanolamine (CAS 02-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Butoxyethanol (CAS 11-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
Diethanolamine (CAS 11-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m3	
	.	3 ppm	
Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum (CAS 64742-53-6)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
,	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
Jankthalana (CAS 01 20 2)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	OILL	70 1119/1110	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре	Value	Form	
	TWA	50 mg/m3		
		10 ppm		
US. Workplace Environmen	ntal Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides			
Components	Туре	Value		

40 mg/m3

10 ppm

Biological limit values

(CAS 872-50-4)

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-m ethyl-2-pyrrolid one	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

TWA

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

C9-15 Heavy Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 64742-94-5)
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)
Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Chemical respirator with

organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Pale yellow
Odor Aromatic
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -38.82 °F (-39.34 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 375.12 °F (190.62 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 160.0 °F (71.1 °C) Tag Closed Cup

160.0 °F (71.1 °C) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(/0)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.05045 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 468.86 °F (242.7 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 7.65 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Combustible IIIA estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 41 % estimated

Refractive index 1.44
Specific gravity 0.917
VOC < 45%

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid

temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 400 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 530 - 2800 mg/kg

C9-15 Heavy Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 64742-94-5)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Inhalation

LC50 Rat < 5.8 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat < 5000 mg/kg

> 25 ml/kg

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 710 mg/kg

Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum (CAS 64742-53-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 3.9 mg/l, 4 Hours

Components **Species Test Results** Oral Rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg Oral LD50 Rat 490 mg/kg N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 8000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 3914 mg/kg Sodium Glucoheptonate (CAS 31138-65-5) Acute **Dermal** Rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours Oral LD50 Rat > 4040 mg/kg Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat 6400 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer. Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity mutagenic or genotoxic. Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052) Not regulated. US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum Known To Be Human Carcinogen. (CAS 64742-53-6) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - Ma

Specific target organ toxicity -

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

single exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components Species Test Results

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours

C9-15 Heavy Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 64742-94-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Butoxyethanol0.83Diethanolamine-1.43Naphthalene3.3N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone-0.46

Tall Oil Acid 4.9 - 6, @ 30 C; Data is for similar product.

Triethanolamine

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

Material name: Gunk HydroSeal II Heavy Duty Parts Cleaner

SDS US

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN3082

UN proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

9 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions

B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 203 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN3082 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (NAPHTHALENE), Limited Quantity

9 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group Yes **Environmental hazards**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN3082 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (NAPHTHALENE), MARINE POLLUTANT

(NAPHTHALENE), Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

9 **Class** Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant

Yes F-A. S-F **FmS**

NAPHTHALENE

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not established.

the IBC Code

DOT; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Sodium Glucoheptonate (CAS 31138-65-5)

1.0 % Annual Export Notification required.

1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Listed.

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 1	
Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	20 - < 30	
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	< 1	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1 - < 3	
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1 - < 3	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

California Proposition 65

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, which is known to the State of California to

cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go

to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012 Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Listed: June 15, 2001

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic Distillates Petroleum (CAS 64742-53-6)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 04-04-2019

 Revision date
 03-25-2020

Version # 07

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 2

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties